Arts Integration Lesson Plan

Content Area: ELA	Fine Arts Area: MUSIC	Lesso	on Title:	Carmen: E Hip Hop	Exploring Opera and
		Duration: (2) 60 minute classes		Teacher: Dr. LaMar Bagley	
Standards and A	lignment				
Content Area	Standard(s):		Fine	e Arts Stand	lard(s):
support analysis of	acy.RL9-12.1 brough textual evider what text says expl drawn from the text.	icitly a	Response MU:J Analy form) mood	Pr4.2.C.Ia vze how the eler or selected wor	Standard: MUSIC ments of music (including rks related to style and ie implications for rehearsa

Big Idea: Music can be used to tell a story, share a feeling, provide information, etc.	Essential Question:	Is more meaning conveyed when mood and thoughts are set to music?
21st Century Skills: Creativity, Critical Thinking, Collaboration, Innovation, Communication, Evaluate Information	Key Vocabulary:	Libretto, Script, Genre, Hip Hop, Opera, Contemporary, Aria

Vertical Alignment	Schol with t <i>Carm</i> have becor the fi	The Lesson: ars are familiar the opera <i>en.</i> Scholars viewed and ne familiar with Im <i>Carmen: A</i> Hopera.	During Lesson: Scholars dissect and analyze <i>Carmen: A</i> <i>Hip Hopera</i> .	After Lesson: Scholars understand the differences between an opera, hip hopera, and musical and how to understand context of a scene to determine musical selection.
Materials List:		Carmen: A Hip H Access to scenes	o computer n informational sheet <i>Sopera</i> Worksheet from <i>Carmen: A Hip Hop</i> from the opera <i>Carmen</i> accerpts of the opera <i>Carn</i>	

Instructional Delivery (guided, collaborative, and self-directed)

Student Learning Outcome(s):	 To examine and analyze how the music relates to the text of the script and libretto; To explore the challenges of adapting a literary text to a new genre or era; To examine and analyze the script's relevance to contemporary culture and society versus the libretto; To identify expressions of similar themes and content in popular culture.
Pre-Engagement:	PART ONE (15 minutes)
	Share with scholars that today they are going to look at how stories can be translated and transformed into many different languages and mediums. In this lesson, they are going to compare the opera <i>Carmen</i> with the more contemporary version of <i>Carmen: A Hip Hopera</i> , with a greater focus on the more contemporary version. Have scholars read a short synopsis of the story of <i>Carmen</i> to include its themes, setting, characters, etc.
	Have scholars view an excerpt from the opera <i>Carmen</i> . After viewing, have scholars have an open response discussion about what they viewed. What did they notice? How did it make them feel? Have scholars cite evidence of themes and mood that emerge in the performance.
	Explain to scholars that their task in this activity is to write and revise their own versions of <i>Carmen: A Hip Hopera</i> 's <i>If Looks Could Kill You'd Be Dead</i> (loosely based of the opera aria <i>Habanera</i> and sung by the title character). Then scholars will discuss how these values and traits can be adapted to other popular genres of contemporary lyric-writing while remaining true to the spirit of the 2001 African American hip-hop adaptation.

Focal Lesson:PART TWO (15 minutes)

Distribute both the *Carmen: An Opera* informational sheet and the *Carmen: A Hip Hopera* worksheet. Taking turns, have several students read the historical background information (found on the opera sheet) aloud. Explain that because there have been several adaptations of this opera, they should include the 1943 African American Broadway adaptation *Carmen Jones* as well as the 1954 Academy Award winning film of the same title. Share that this information will be helpful as they compare the opera to the hip hopera.

Have a scholar read aloud the text of the *Habanera* itself (found in the libretto excerpt). Conduct a short class-wide discussion of its meaning. Then, have scholars review the text from the hip hopera film version scene for *If Looks Could Kill You'd Be Dead*. Engage scholars in a discussion about what Carmen's intent is in this scene. What are the similarities, differences, and themes to the *Habanera* version? One key point to underscore is that this text can be read as the lyrics to a song or as a stand-alone poem.

PART THREE (15 minutes)

Explore other connections they may have to dramatic text or lyrics by viewing the video excerpts from *Carmen: A Hip Hopera*. After viewing, have scholars engage in an open response discussion about if they would now read the text differently. Has having heard the music changed their opinion about how the text works? Has having seen the scene unfold change what they thought it would be? What themes or central ideas emerged?

Some guiding questions may be:

Does the text convey more meaning when set to music and action?
Does the music/melody, in a hip-hop style, make the scene more interesting compared to the original opera? Why or why not? (The goal at this point in the class is for scholars to articulate what they hear and to justify their opinions with evidence).

Some aspects may include:

- Tempo (speed of the music)
- Dynamics (volume of the music)
- Orchestration (which instruments the composer uses during any given moment)
- Key changes (major vs. minor keys give the music different psychological or emotional inflections)

PART FOUR (15 minutes)

Once scholars have a basic understanding of the text and music, ask them to consider the following questions:

- Could the message of the *Habanera* apply to different kinds of people in different times and places?
- Does its meaning change when set to music from a different era?
- Could its text or meaning be adapted to other kinds of literary expression? Does this work as evidenced by *If Looks Could Kill You'd Be Dead*?

Scholars should engage in conversation that challenges one another to think critically about the music, themes, and overall interpretation.

PART FIVE (30 minutes)

Have scholars to write their own version of *Carmen's Habanera* and *Carmen: A Hip Hopera's If Looks Could Kill You'd Be Dead*. Divide the class into two or more groups (multiple small groups will work well for this exercise).

Each group or individual should create a new Habanera/*If Looks Could Kill You'd Be Dead* text using an alternate lyrical form. Some genres students may choose to include are: Go-Go, Pop, Country, Afro-Punk, or freestyle cypher. They may **not** do an opera or hiphop/rap genre. Remind scholars that they may not change the original intent of the aria or the hip-hop version. It must speak to Carmen's philosophy on life.

STEP SIX (30 minutes)

Have each group perform their work in front of the class.

Integrated	Assessment:				
Assessment and Extension	1. Completion of the Carmen: A Hip Hopera worksheet				
	2. Engagement in class discussion				
	3. Group Task Assessment				
	Suggested Extensions:				
	Discuss the process of adaptation as a class. What were the challenges of translating either version to a new context? What was essential? What could be changed without affecting the integrity of the piece?				
	For a final discussion (or as homework), have your scholars consider which themes in <i>Carmen</i> 's aria (or the hip hopera version) are universal and which themes are specific to the original setting.				

Reflection Opportunities					
Student	Key Questions to Ask Students:	Teacher	Key Questions to Ask Yourself:		
Reflection Prompts:	Does adaptation ruin or improve the original intent of a piece? Or do you feel it has no effect?	Reflection Prompts:	Did students understand the concepts of adaptation and the differences of music genres?		
	When adaptations are made, does it allow for a classic to live on or is it no longer relevant?		Were students able to convey the author's original intent in their own words?		
			Did students work together to complete the group task?		
	Was this artistic process difficult?				
			Did students demonstrate appropriate presentation skills (presence, diction, volume) when presenting their group ideas?		

Type: Summative Task: Write an original adaptation Cognitive Demand: Creating

ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

SKILLS	EXCEEDING STANDARD (4)	MEETING STANDARD (3)	APPROACHING STANDARD (2)	BELOW STANDARD (1)
CRITICAL THINKING Determining a theme or central idea of text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary off the	Generated many ideas as a group. Identified and embraced challenges and found joy in working toward solutions. Innovated and built on the opinions of each group member.	Generated several ideas as a group. Identified challenges and worked toward solutions. Incorporated ideas from multiple group members. Formulated a successful solution based on the ideas	Generated at least one idea as a group. Identified challenges but struggled to find solutions. Involved some, but not all, members in the brainstorming. Formulated a solution with	Did not generate any ideas as a group. Did not identify challenges or saw them as road-blocks to solutions. Did not brainstorm or did not understand the challenge.
summary off the text.	Formulated an exemplary solution based on the ideas generated.	generated.	potential based on the ideas generated.	Was unable to complete the Group Task.

CRITICAL	Generated many	Generated several	Generated at least	Did not concrete
THINKING	Generated many ideas as a group.	ideas as a group.	one idea as a group.	Did not generate any ideas as a group.
	ideas as a group.	ideas as a group.	one fued as a group.	any locas as a group.
Analyze how the	Identified and	Identified	Identified	Did not identify
elements of music	embraced challenges	challenges and	challenges but	challenges or saw
(including form) or	and found joy in	worked toward	struggled to find	them as road-blocks
selected works	working toward	solutions.	solutions.	to solutions.
related to style and	solutions.	Incorporated	Solutions.	to bortationo.
mood, and explain		ideas from multiple	Involved some,	Did not
the implications for	Innovated and	group members.	but not all, members	brainstorm
rehearsal or	built on the opinions		in the brainstorming.	or did not
performance.	of each group	Formulated a		understand the
	member.	successful solution	Formulated a	challenge.
		based on the ideas	solution with	
	Formulated an	generated.	potential based on	Was unable to
	exemplary solution		the ideas generated.	complete the Group
	based on the ideas			Task.
	generated.			
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COMMUNICATION	Listened and	Listened and	Attempted to	Did not listen and
	responded to ideas	responded to ideas.	listen and respond to	respond to ideas.
Cite strong and	and offered helpful	Communicated	ideas, but some conflicts arose.	Did not
thorough textual	advice and opinions.	with one another	conflicts arose.	understand one
evidence to support	Stayed on the	while rarely	Attempted to	another, and
analysis of what text says explicitly as	same page and	having to clarify	work together, but	made no effort to
well as inferences	focused its time on	misunderstandings.	often misunderstood	do so.
drawn from the	work rather than	misunderstandings.	one another and	d0 50.
text.	clarifying	Used bodies and	spent time clarifying	Did not use
(CCSS.ELA-	misunderstandings.	voices to share its	intentions.	bodies and voices to
Literacy.RL9-12.1)	in the second se	work with an		share ideas.
	Used bodies and	audience.	Attempted to use	
	voices to share ideas		their bodies and	Was unable to
	with an audience, in		voices to share	share ideas
	an engaging and		their work with an	successfully.
	exciting way.		audience.	
				D
COMMUNICATION	Expressed	Expressed	Expressed	Did not express
Apply teacher-	specific examples	specific examples	specific examples	specific examples
provided criteria to	from the selected	from the selected	from the selected	from the selected
select music that	music relating to	music relating to	music relating to	music relating to
expresses a personal	mood, visual images,	mood, visual images,	mood, visual image,	mood, visual image
experience, mood,	or storyline with supported evidence	or storyline with clear explanation.	or storyline but with	or storyline with any
visual image or	and clear	cical explanation.	very minimal explanation.	clear explanation.
storyline in simple	explanation.		explanation.	
forms (such as one-	explanation.			
part, cyclical,				
				

binary), and describe the choices as models for composition. (MU:Re7.1.C.1a) COLLABORATION Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporates others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.	Actively included all members and each member had a specific role for the day. Worked together with no real conflict, and/or disagreements easily led to better ideas and deeper understanding. Established a "best idea wins" mentality and put the work before individual needs. Had a successful day of work and the group members formed deeper bonds.	 Successfully included all members during the work for the day. Worked together with no real conflicts, and/or disagreements eventually led to better ideas and deeper understanding. Put the work first and piggy-backed on ideas well. Worked well together and had a successful day of work. 	Tried to include all group members; some may have felt left out. Attempted to work together, but had an unproductive disagreement. Struggled with building off each other's ideas, and individual preferences sometimes won out. Could recover from disagreements and keep working.	 Was not inclusive of all its members. Had an unproductive disagreement, resulting in real conflict. Did not build off each other's ideas, or an individual's preferences were exclusively pursued. Was not able to recover from disagreements and stopped working.
CREATIVITY Developing ideas into new and novel solutions.	Generated many imaginative and original solutions and successfully developed one into a novel result. Encouraged all members to express themselves fully and infused their own personalities into their art. Worked flexibly and nimbly used all limitations or resources to inform their work. Remained motivated by the task at hand and found joy in creating	Generated an imaginative and original solution and successfully developed it into a novel resultEncouraged many members to creatively express themselvesWorked flexibly and used some limitations or resources to inform its workRemained motivated by the task at hand and certain extrinsic factors. While the	Generated a rudimentary solution or replicated an existing idea (example: used Habanera or If Looks Could Kill You'd Be Dead) Encouraged a few members to express themselves during the group work or share. Attempted a solution, but sometimes struggled with flexibility and saw limitations as a road block. Overcame initial motivation struggles	Did not generate any solutions or did not understand the Task Sheet. Was not comfortable with self-expression, and no members of the group expressed themselves at any point in the session. Was inflexible; if a limitation or unexpected resource was encountered, the group members gave up. Was unmotivated by both intrinsic and extrinsic factors.

	1.1	1	1	
	ideas or art for the	group members	when reminded	
	group members' own fulfillment.	found some joy in	of academic	
	fulfiliment.	creating ideas or art	achievement or	
		for their own	audience response.	
		fulfillment, they		
		were also motivated		
		by extrinsic factors.		
DETERMINING	Could	Could	Could	Was not able to
THEME	determine two or	determine two or	determine two or	determine two or
	more themes or	more themes or	more themes or	more themes or
Determining a	central idea found in	central idea found in	central idea found in	central idea found in
theme or central	the lyrics and music	the lyrics or music	the lyrics or music	the lyrics or music.
idea of text and	with strong rationale	the Tyrres of music	the types of music	the Tyrres of music.
analyze in detail its	and supported	Could	Could	Was not able to
development over	evidence.	determine how the	determine how the	determine how the
the course of the	evidence.	themes emerged and	themes emerged and	themes emerged and
text, including how	Could determine	provided details	details associated	details associated
it emerges and is	how the themes	associated with the	with lyrics and music	with lyrics or music.
shaped and refined	emerged and	lyrics and music that	but did not provide	
by specific details;	provided substantial	supported their	substantial	During group
provide an objective	details associated	findings.	explanation.	discussion scholar
summary off the	with the lyrics and	č	1	was not able to
text.	music that supported	During group	During group	propel the
	their findings.	discussion scholar	discussion scholar	conversation by
Propel	C C	propelled the	had the ability to	posing and
conversations by	During group	conversation by	propel the	responding to
posing and	discussion scholar	posing and	conversation by	questions that related
responding to	effectively propelled	responding to	posing and	the discussion to
questions that relate	the conversation by	questions that related	responding to	broader themes.
the current	posing and	the discussion to	questions that related	
discussion to	responding to	broader themes.	the discussion to	Scholar did not
broader themes or	questions that related		broader themes but	engage other scholars
larger ideas;	the discussion to	Scholar	needed additional	in clarifying,
actively	broader themes.	engaged other	supports and prompts	verifying, and
incorporates others		scholars in clarifying,	from teacher or peers.	challenging ideas to
into the discussion;	Scholar	verifying, and		come to a better
and clarify, verify,	effectively engaged	challenging ideas to	Scholar	understanding.
or challenge ideas	other scholars in	come to a better	demonstrated	
and conclusions.	clarifying, verifying,	understanding.	difficulty in engaging	
CCCSS FL A	and challenging ideas to come to a better		other scholars in	
(CCSS.ELA- LITERACY.RL9.12	understanding.		clarifying, verifying, and challenging ideas	
	understanding.		to come to a better	
.2)			understanding.	
			understanding.	
PRESENTATION	Integrated all new	Attempted to	Attempted to	Did not use new
SKILLS	presentation skills	integrate new	integrate new	presentation skills
	from the session into	presentation skills	presentation skills	from the session.
Learning, applying,	their group task.	from the session into	from the session into	nom the session.
and	then group task.	its group tasks.	its group task, but	Did not use
building on domain	Used many	Broup works.	was inconsistent or	previously learned
specific concepts,	previously learned	Used some	unsuccessful.	concepts and skills
language, and	concepts and skills	previously learned		to inform its group
disciplines.	to inform its group	concepts and skills to	Used a few	work.
	- Or the	1		

	work. Used new and previously learned presentation vocabulary during group work. Easily used presentation during the share; all members of the group used volume and diction during the share.	inform its group work. Used some new and previously learned presentation vocabulary during group work. Used presentation skills during the share, but some skills were missing or were weak; a majority of the group used volume and diction during the share.	previously learned concepts and skills disciplines to inform its group work. Used little new and previously learned presentation vocabulary during their group work. Attempted to use presentation skills during the share, but its choices were unclear; the group struggled to use volume and diction during the share.	Did not use previously learned presentation vocabulary during group work. Did not use skills during the share; the group struggled to use volume and diction during the share.
TOTAL:				
COMMENTS:				

GROUP TASK ASSESSMENT

Analyze how the elements of music (including form) or selected works related to style and mood, and explain the implications for rehearsal or performance.

(MU:Pr4.2.C.1a)

STUDENT NAME _____

DATE _____

GROUP MEMBERS:

Directions: Complete each section thoroughly by providing feedback on the preparation process for your presentation.

1. ANALYZE: Is the outcome of your *If Looks Could Kill You'd Be Dead* remix what you expected it to be? (In example, the lyrics, the genre of music used, the nuances, the mood, etc.) Was any part of this task difficult? If so, what?

2. **STYLE & MOOD:** Do you feel your remix stays true to the essence of the original music? Did you struggle with finding your own interpretation for the remix?

3. **REHEARSAL:** During the rehearsal process with your group, did everyone collaborate and work together in preparation for presentation? What were the strengths? Weaknesses? What did your group do to prepare for presentation? How did you ensure your remix was ready for presentation?

4. **EVALUATE:** Did your remix meet expectations? Did the new style of genre enhance or take away from the intent? Where could corrections be made? What feedback did your peers give for improvement? If you could change your contribution to the process what would it be?

ANALYZE	
STYLE & MOOD	
REHEARSAL	
KEHEAKSAL	

Type: Formative Task: Reflection of the Process Cognitive Demand: Evaluation

EVALUATE

CARMEN DISCUSSION

Type: Diagnostic

Task: Discussion Questions

Cognitive Demand: Analysis

Questions to ask:	Response Look-fors:
What did you notice about how the story of Carmen is represented in the opera?	Scholars can articulate the themes, characters and setting of the story within the operatic excerpt.
How did the story of Carmen make you feel? How did the Opera excerpt make you feel?	Scholars can explain how mood is effected based on word choice and performance.
What themes and mood emerged from the performance?	☐ Scholars can cite evidence of specific themes and mood within the operatic excerpt.

CARMEN COMPARISON

Type: Diagnostic

Task: Group discussion

Cognitive Demand: Analysis

Post 4 areas in the room: Same, Different, Theme and Mood.



Ask students to write down their responses of how the text from the libretto of Habanera and the text from the hip opera film version scene of If Looks Could Kill You'd be Dead are the same and different, as well as each's theme and mood.

Students then post their answers in the appropriate areas using post-it notes.

Do a gallery walk after every one posts their answers. Then come back and have a discussion as a group on what they discovered.

** Adapted from The Michigan Opera Study Guide: Carmen. Source: http:// www.michiganopera.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/05/carmenStudyGuide.pdf